

No need for constitutional changes to sign peace agreement – Armenian PM



Armenian Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan told the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE) that there is no need for constitutional changes in Armenia as a prerequisite for signing a peace agreement with Azerbaijan, stressing that the draft treaty itself provides sufficient legal guarantees.

Pashinyan addressed concerns raised by Baku that Armenia’s Constitution allegedly contains territorial claims against

Azerbaijan. He recalled that in September 2024 Armenia’s Constitutional Court had examined the regulations for the joint Armenia–Azerbaijan border delimitation commissions — the first bilateral inter-state document between the two countries — and ruled that it did not contradict the Armenian Constitution.

He highlighted that both in the Prague declaration of October 2022 and in the draft peace agreement already initialed,

Armenia and Azerbaijan reaffirmed their commitment to the 1991 Alma-Ata Declaration, which recognizes the territorial integrity and sovereignty of the former Soviet republics within their existing borders.

“The peace agreement explicitly records that neither side has territorial claims against the other, and both commit not to raise such claims in the future,”

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Armenian PM congratulates Moldova's Sandu on election win

Armenian Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan has congratulated Moldova's Maia Sandu on election win.

"I warmly congratulate Maia Sandu and the people of Moldova on the occasion of the results of parliamentary elections and strong dedication to advancing the European future of the country," PM Pashinyan said in a post on X.

The pro-European party of Moldovan



President Maia Sandu has claimed victory

and a new majority in parliament in Sunday's elections seen as critical for her country's future path to the EU.

With 99.9% of the 1.6 million votes counted, PAS had 50.17% of the vote – far ahead of the pro-Russian Patriotic Electoral Bloc on 24.18%, Moldova's central electoral commission said.

Turnout was 52%, higher than in recent years.

Pashinyan and Berset praise Armenia–Council of Europe cooperation

Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan of Armenia met with Council of Europe Secretary General Alain Berset during his working visit to Strasbourg.

Secretary General Berset welcomed the Prime Minister's visit and praised the active and effective cooperation established between the Council of Europe and the Armenian government. He noted that this collaboration has contributed to advancing institutional reforms across all sectors in Armenia and expressed confidence that planned joint programs will continue to be successfully implemented.

Prime Minister Pashinyan thanked Berset for the warm reception and stressed the significance of this visit, which comes

six years after his first trip to Strasbourg in 2019. He noted that Armenia, having overcome complex challenges over the past five years, now stands at a turning point in its development. Pashinyan reaffirmed Armenia's view of the Council of Europe as a strategic partner in democratic development and highlighted the organization's vital role in strengthening democracy, human rights, and the rule of law.

Both sides praised the effective implementation of ongoing cooperation programs and discussed issues on the bilateral agenda, including the progress of democratic reforms in Armenia.

Secretary General Berset also



welcomed the recent initialing of a peace agreement between Armenia and Azerbaijan, expressing hope that the establishment of peace will open new opportunities for development throughout the South Caucasus region.

Pashinyan meets PACE President in Strasbourg, reaffirms Armenia's commitment to democratic reforms



Armenian Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan held a meeting with Theodoros

Rousopoulos, President of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE), during his working visit to Strasbourg.

According to a message posted on Pashinyan's official social media account, the sides discussed Armenia's ongoing democratic reforms, protection of human rights, and the strengthening of the rule of law. The Prime Minister reaffirmed Armenia's steadfast commitment to these

principles, emphasizing their importance for the country's political development and European integration.

Pashinyan also underlined PACE's significant role in promoting peace, freedom and justice.

The meeting took place as part of Pashinyan's visit to Strasbourg, where he is participating in the autumn session of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe from September 28 to 30.

Armenian PM meets PACE Co-Rapporteurs in Strasbourg

In Strasbourg, Prime Minister of the Republic of Armenia Nikol Pashinyan met with Boriana Aberg and Piero Fassino, co-rapporteurs on Armenia's commitments to the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe Monitoring Committee.

During the meeting, the parties discussed the progress of cooperation

between Armenia and the Council of Europe, the steps being taken in the field of strengthening democratic institutions, human rights protection and judicial reforms.

Prime Minister Pashinyan highlighted the involvement of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe in promoting Armenia's democratic agenda and emphasized the Government's readiness

to continue cooperation in the areas of the rule of law and human rights protection.

The co-rapporteurs highly appreciated the progress recorded in Armenia and expressed confidence that Armenia will continue to consistently implement its commitments. They reaffirmed the readiness of the PACE Monitoring Committee to continue close cooperation.

TRIPP railway project moving forward ‘slowly but without interruption,’ Armenian PM says

Armenian Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan has said discussions on the TRIPP railway corridor with the United States are advancing steadily, stressing that the project is progressing “slowly but without interruption” and requires careful planning and design before construction can begin.

Speaking to reporters during his working visit to Strasbourg, Pashinyan emphasized that the TRIPP (Trump Initiative Railway and Infrastructure Partnership Project) remains high on the U.S.–Armenia bilateral agenda, alongside America’s broader global priorities. He noted that Washington and Yerevan are holding substantive talks on technical and financial aspects of the railway, including who will draft and fund the project design.

“The process cannot be rushed,” Pashinyan said. “What we need is slow, uninterrupted work. This is not like building

a house the traditional way — buying cement and stones and starting construction right away. Modern infrastructure requires planning, design, and expert review to ensure every detail, even the placement of a window, is correct.”

The Prime Minister confirmed that the railway route is being discussed exclusively between Armenia and the United States, though third parties such as the European Union could be involved later if both sides agree. He welcomed the EU’s readiness to support infrastructure development, pointing to a recently announced €200 million resilience package for Armenia and an upcoming visit of U.S. experts to assist in project design.

Addressing concerns raised by residents of Armenia’s southern Meghri region about potential risks to water pipelines and other utilities, Pashinyan dismissed fears of resource shortages. “There is no

logic that a railway means there will be no water or bread,” he said. “On the contrary, where there is a railway, there is usually prosperity.”

Pashinyan also linked the TRIPP project to Armenia’s broader peace agenda, highlighting that lasting stability in the South Caucasus would enable long-term economic development. “Peace is unfamiliar to us; we have never truly experienced it in the Third Republic,” he said. “We must learn what a peaceful life means, and infrastructure like TRIPP is part of building that future.”

The Prime Minister underlined that while planning takes time, the government remains committed to continuing the process without pauses. “Slow, patient, uninterrupted — that is how we will build this railway,” he concluded.

Armenia, NATO discuss deepening partnership at Warsaw Security Forum



Armenian Foreign Minister Ararat Mirzoyan met with NATO Deputy Secretary

General Radmila Šekerinska on the sidelines of the Warsaw Security Forum 2025.

According to a readout from the Foreign Ministry, FM Mirzoyan and Deputy Secretary General Šekerinska discussed “opportunities for enhancing the Armenia–NATO partnership, highlighting interest in developing a more ambitious agenda.”

The parties welcomed the recent visit to Yerevan by ambassadors of NATO

member states, as well as Armenia’s continued participation in NATO peacekeeping missions.

“Addressing regional developments, the sides exchanged views on the importance of the Washington Accords in establishing peace, and on the implementation of the Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity connectivity project,” the ministry added.

page 1 ➡ Pashinyan said. He underlined that the treaty also stipulates that neither party can use its internal legislation as a justification for failing to implement the agreement.

According to Armenia’s legal framework, once the peace agreement is signed it must be submitted to the Constitutional Court for review. If the Court confirms compliance with the Constitution, Parliament can ratify it, giving the agreement “higher legal force than domestic legislation,” the Prime Minister stressed.

“Therefore, in the context of the peace agreement, there is no constitutional problem at all.”

At the same time, Pashinyan reiterated that Armenia has long recognized the need for a new Constitution, but for reasons unrelated to peace negotiations. He linked this to a deeper issue of public trust, pointing to a history of electoral falsifications and contested constitutional referendums.

“In Armenia, many citizens feel that the existing constitutional order was not established by their free decision. This

has created, so to say, an allergic reaction to the state and to the legal system. The only way to overcome this is through the adoption of a new Constitution that is genuinely owned by the people,” he said.

Concluding his remarks, Pashinyan argued that even if one were to assume Azerbaijan’s concerns were legitimate, the swiftest and most effective way to address them would still be through signing and ratifying the peace agreement, which establishes a binding legal prohibition on any future territorial claims.

Pashinyan, Macron discuss Armenia-France ties, regional developments



Within the framework of the 7th summit of the European Political Community in Copenhagen, Prime Minister of Armenia Nikol Pashinyan held a meeting with

President of France Emmanuel Macron.

During the talks, Prime Minister Pashinyan and President Macron discussed the course of Armenia–France multifaceted cooperation and prospects for its development. Both sides reaffirmed the high level of the privileged relations established between Armenia and France and emphasized the importance of implementing new joint initiatives.

The meeting also touched upon regional developments, the agreements reached at the Washington Peace Summit, as well

as issues related to the implementation of the “TRIPP” project.

President Macron reiterated France’s continued support for Armenia’s independence and sovereignty, as well as for the country’s democratic reform agenda. Prime Minister Pashinyan expressed gratitude to France for its comprehensive support during this important period for Armenia.

The two leaders agreed to maintain close contacts both bilaterally and within multilateral platforms.

Armenia, Azerbaijan leaders discuss implementation of Washington agreements

The Prime Minister of the Republic of Armenia Nikol Pashinyan and the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan Ilham Aliyev met in Copenhagen, Denmark, on 2 October 2025, on the margins of 7th Summit of the European Political Community.

Both sides highlighted the significance of agreements reached during Washington Peace Summit initiated by the US President Donald J. Trump. They reaffirmed readiness to work for further strengthening of peace between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

President of Azerbaijan and the Prime Minister of Armenia underscored the benefits of transport communications in the region, discussed current progress of infrastructural development in the territory of Azerbaijan and TRIPP project in the territory of Armenia, exchanging views about the implementation of Washington Declaration.

In this regard, the sides welcomed the decision adopted unanimously on the closure of the OSCE Minsk Process and its related structures.



Both sides highlighted the importance of further implementing Confidence-Building Measures and agreed to continue their contacts.

Russia awaits clarity before taking stance on Trump Route project in Armenia

The Russian Ambassador to Armenia has said that Moscow will express its stance on the Trump Route (TRIPP) project once details of its implementation are known.

In an interview with the local Armenian newspaper Syunyats Yerkir, Ambassador Sergey Kopyrkin stated that “strengthening peace and stability” in the South Caucasus is Russia’s “foreign policy priority,” and that Moscow supports any step aimed at Armenian-Azerbaijani normalization.

“Regarding the so-called Trump Route, Russia will articulate its position once we have a detailed understanding of how that transport project will be implemented. As far as we know, that work is only just

beginning. The modes of cargo shipment and passenger transportation, as well as details concerning the security of traffic, are yet to be finalized. Efforts to unblock regional transport links will need to take into account Armenia’s membership in the Eurasian Economic Union, as well as the presence of Russian border guards on the Armenian-Iranian border under bilateral agreements. I would like to add that the Russian side is open to consultations on these issues — both with our Armenian partners and with other stakeholders, including Tehran,” the ambassador said.

He added that Russian President Vladimir Putin personally “laid the foundation” for the Armenian-Azerbaijani normalization process.

“The trilateral agreements signed between the leaders of Russia, Armenia, and Azerbaijan in 2020–2022 not only stopped the bloodshed on the ground, but also outlined the main directions for normalization between Yerevan and Baku — including the development of a peace treaty, the unblocking of economic and transport links, border delimitation and demarcation, as well as the promotion of civil society contacts,” Kopyrkin said.

The Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity (TRIPP) is a connectivity project in Armenia envisioned under the U.S.-brokered Armenian-Azerbaijani joint declaration signed in Washington, D.C.

Peace in South Caucasus requires ‘contact, trust, and collaboration,’ CoE chief says

Secretary General of the Council of Europe Alain Berset has underlined the need for sustained dialogue and trust-building as the only path toward peace in the South Caucasus, stressing that progress cannot be achieved by severing ties.

Speaking at the autumn session of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (PACE), Berset noted that the population in Armenia has faced particularly difficult conditions, but emphasized that recent diplomatic moves — most notably the draft peace agreement discussed in Washington in early August — should be seen as an important step toward stability.

“Peace is always a process. It needs some time. It needs some improvement. It needs some collaboration. It needs



working together to try to restore, where possible, a certain trust,” Berset said.

Addressing concerns about Armenian detainees in Azerbaijan, the Secretary General acknowledged the issue and said it must remain on the agenda. However, he stressed that progress can only be made through continued engagement.

“The only way to make some progress is never to cut ties. It is to be in contact,

and to have this development of a certain trust and level of collaboration. Not just speaking about the fact that we are in contact, but working on the substance,” he said.

Berset said he had held a “very good” meeting with Armenian Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan the previous evening, and had also met Azerbaijani President Ilham Aliyev in New York last week to discuss these sensitive issues. Regular contact with both leaders, he added, is essential to creating the conditions in which deeper problems can be addressed.

“This is exactly what I tried to do,” Berset concluded. “To create conditions where we can address then other issues or the next issues.”

Armenia seeks ‘higher-level’ ties with friendly India, says Ambassador

An official reception and concert evening dedicated to the 34th Anniversary of the Independence of the Republic of Armenia was organized in New Delhi by the Embassy of Armenia.

The event was attended by the Sibi George, Secretary (West) of the Ministry of External Affairs of the Republic of India, as the Chief Guest.

In his remarks, Ambassador of Armenia Vahagn Afyan emphasized the active political dialogue of recent years and the expanding cooperation in mutually beneficial fields, built upon the centuries-old cultural ties between Armenia and India, the Armenian Embassy in India said in a press release.

The Ambassador also noted that for Armenia, friendly India is a reliable partner with whom there is a desire to establish relations on an even higher level. He expressed confidence that through ongoing contacts and the application of effective mechanisms, bilateral cooperation will acquire a stronger and more forward-looking character.



Referring to the Washington agreements of August, the Ambassador underlined the importance of peace established between Armenia and Azerbaijan on the basis of the principles of territorial integrity, sovereignty, jurisdiction, and reciprocity. It was mentioned that the implementation of the “Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity” (TRIPP) project, stemming from the Armenian Government’s “Crossroads of Peace” initiative, will create new logistical opportunities not only for Armenia’s immediate neighbors, but also for the countries of the South Asian region - especially India.

India’s newly appointed Secretary (West) of the Ministry of External Affairs, Sibi George, in turn, spoke about the deep historical and friendly ties between the two countries and the steps being taken to strengthen continuous partnership. These issues were also discussed during his private conversation with the Armenian Ambassador.

“At the reception - organized by the Embassy of Armenia for the second consecutive year - the dance ensembles “Hay Astgher” (Armenian Stars) and “Nane,” invited to New Delhi by the Indian Council for Cultural Relations (ICCR), performed a collaborative program of national dances under the title “Armenia in Motion,” which received warm and enthusiastic responses from many attendees. The reception was attended by Ambassadors and Diplomats from several dozen countries, as well as representatives of Indian ministerial, parliamentary, state and private institutions, expert circles, and members of the small Armenian community,” the embassy added.

Armenia and Greece explore enhanced cooperation in tourism sector

Ambassador of Armenia to Greece Tigran Mkrtchyan held a meeting with Greece's Minister of Tourism, Olga Kefalogianni, to discuss ways of intensifying cooperation between the two countries in the field of tourism.

The discussions referred to the cooperation framework outlined in the protocol of the 6th session of the Armenian-Greek Intergovernmental Commission on Economic, Industrial and Scientific-Technical Cooperation, including the organization of the first meeting of the Armenian-Greek Joint Committee on Tourism in Yerevan.

Ambassador Mkrtchyan thanked



Minister Kefalogianni for her support of the Armenian-Greek State College of Tourism, Services and Food Industry, as well as for facilitating the training of the college's students in Rethymno, Crete, during the

summer.

The Ambassador also presented the international events initiated this year by the Tourism Committee of Armenia and stressed the importance of the participation of Greek state and non-state organizations.

Special attention was given to the availability and frequency of direct flights between Armenia and Greece. Both sides highlighted the growing number of carriers operating on these routes, which reflects the increasing mutual interest in tourism cooperation.

Deputy FM participates in UN WFP Country Strategic Plan for Armenia 2026–2030 meeting

Deputy Foreign Minister of Armenia Robert Abisoghomonian participated and delivered remarks in the high-level meeting dedicated to the discussion of the draft of the UN WFP Country Strategic Plan for Armenia 2026–2030.

In his remarks, the Deputy Foreign Minister highly valued the UN World Food Programme's (WFP) activities in Armenia aimed at strengthening food security and alleviating humanitarian needs. The meeting addressed issues on poverty reduction in communities and strengthening social protection for vulnerable groups, the foreign ministry said in a press release.

Deputy Foreign Minister Abisoghomonian expressed hope that the revised Country Strategic Plan, developed

as a result of the consultations, will be a landmark in strengthening Armenia's food security, increasing the country's resilience to emergency situations, as well as ensuring a future-oriented joint response. The importance of the new strategic framework in advancing the UN Sustainable Development Goals, particularly the principle of leaving no community behind was also emphasized.

Leila Meliuh, Country Director and Representative of the UN WFP Office in Armenia, also made a speech at the meeting, presenting the draft Country Strategic Plan for 2026-2030. It was emphasized that the development of the capacities of the Government of the Republic of Armenia and the transfer of necessary skills



to strengthen food security and address humanitarian needs is one of the main priorities of the Document, and the latter aims to ensure the sustainable development of the Republic of Armenia after the end of the program.

Representatives of the line ministries also took part in the discussion.

Armenian, Emirati ministers discuss energy sector

Armenian Minister of Territorial Administration and Infrastructure Davit Khudatyan met with United Arab Emirates Minister of Energy and Infrastructure Suhail Al Mazroui on the sidelines of the Global Rail 2025 Transport Infrastructure Exhibition and Conference in Abu Dhabi.

The ministers discussed "a number of issues pertaining to the energy sector," the

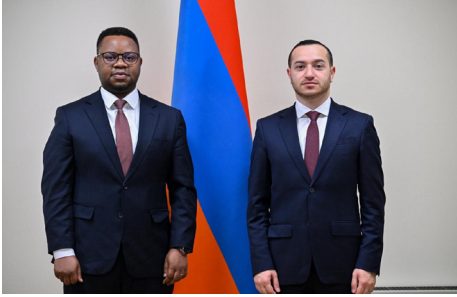
Armenian ministry said in a press release.

Khudatyan briefed his Emirati counterpart on the development trends of solar energy in Armenia. The ministers also discussed the UAE's leading experience in solar power accumulation.

Issues related to potential cooperation in the water sector were also addressed.



Armenia, Rwanda discuss expanding cooperation in high-tech and innovation



The Minister of High-Tech Industry of the Republic of Armenia, Mkhitar Hayrapetyan, met with the delegation headed

by Yves Iradukunda, the Minister of State for ICT and Innovation of the Republic of Rwanda, to discuss avenues for strengthening bilateral cooperation in the fields of high technology and innovation.

During the meeting, the importance of advancing collaboration in areas of mutual interest was emphasized, with particular attention to the development of the high-tech sector and the enhancement of cybersecurity capacities, the Armenian

ministry said in a readout.

Both parties reaffirmed their commitment to fostering closer ties through the exchange of expertise, the promotion of joint initiatives, and the creation of frameworks that support sustainable innovation.

Both sides agreed to continue consultations and to explore practical mechanisms for cooperation aimed at contributing to the technological advancement and digital resilience of both nations.

Wizz Air establishes base at Armenia's Zvartnots airport

Hungarian low-cost carrier Wizz Air officially inaugurated its new base at Zvartnots International Airport today.

The opening ceremony was attended by Wizz Air Managing Director Roland Tischner, Armenia's Minister of Economy Gevorg Papoyan, Chair of the Tourism Committee Lusine Gevorgyan, Director of "Armenia" International Airports" CJSC Marcelo Wende, General Manager Sergey Avetisyan, and other officials.

As part of the expansion, two modern

Airbus A321neo aircraft will be permanently based in Yerevan. Compared with previous-generation aircraft, the A321neo delivers 20% lower fuel consumption and CO₂ emissions, along with a 50% reduction in noise levels.

With the opening of the base, Wizz Air is launching eight new European routes from Yerevan: Prague, Hamburg, and Naples (already launched), Paris Beauvais and Paphos (from October 2), Bari and Bucharest (from October 26), and



Memmingen (from October 28).

In total, Wizz Air will operate flights from Yerevan to 16 destinations across nine countries, further strengthening Armenia's connectivity with Europe.

Armenia to choose partner for small modular nuclear reactor based on commercial, not geopolitical criteria – PM

Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan reaffirmed on October 1 that Armenia's decision to build a new small modular nuclear reactor will be guided strictly by economic and technical considerations, rather than geopolitical alignments.

Speaking during a Q&A session at the National Assembly, Pashinyan stressed that the government has already made a strategic decision in favor of a small modular reactor and is now assessing proposals from several partners.

"We have made a strategic decision: our next nuclear reactor will be small and modular. The question now is with

whom we will build it," Pashinyan said. "We are holding transparent and practical discussions with all partners who have the technology — the United States, Russia, China, South Korea, and France. We have asked each of them whether they would object if we discuss the matter with others, and all have said no."

The Prime Minister underlined that Armenia's choice will not carry political undertones. "When I travel to Moscow, some claim the decision has been made for Russia; when we sign a memorandum with the United States, they say it is for Washington. If we go to China, the same

speculation arises. I want to stress: we are not placing any geopolitical or foreign policy component in this decision. We want the best offer in terms of price, safety, technology, and timeframe," he noted.

Pashinyan added that expert teams are visiting different countries to study and evaluate available technologies, and that a final decision and contract will be made within the next one to two years.

"Please, no one should look for geopolitical motives here. We want a small nuclear reactor that is safe, affordable, and can be delivered in the shortest possible timeframe," the Prime Minister concluded.

‘Aggressive rhetoric from either side is not supporting,’ Armenian FM on peace process



On the margins of the Warsaw Security Forum 2025, Armenian Foreign Minister Ararat Mirzoyan gave an interview to the Polish TPV World.

FM Mirzoyan spoke about the Armenian-Azerbaijani peace process, the border opening with Türkiye and other issues.

The foreign ministry published the transcript of the interview:

Journalist: Hello and welcome to TVP World. I'm Diana Skaya, and we're here at the Warsaw Security Forum and my guest here today is Armenia's Foreign Minister, Mr. Ararat Mirzoyan. Thank you so much, Mr. Minister, for being with us here today.

Ararat Mirzoyan: Thank you for the invitation.

Journalist: So Armenia and Azerbaijan signed the Declaration in Washington in August. What has advanced since then?

Ararat Mirzoyan: Indeed, on the 8th of August, the Prime Minister of Armenia and President of Azerbaijan signed the Declaration, and also the Declaration was signed by President Trump of the United States as a witness, and in this Declaration,

the leaders agreed upon several very important things. Well, they witnessed, first of all, the initialing of the Peace Agreement by the foreign ministers, Minister Bayramov of Azerbaijan, and myself.

This was a very serious milestone by itself. Also, in this Declaration, the leaders agreed upon the major fundamental principles according to which the connectivity issue should be solved. I mean, unblocking and relaunching the transport infrastructure, transit ties between Armenia and Azerbaijan. And these principles are: acknowledgement of territorial integrity, inviolability of the borders, sovereignty of the countries, acknowledgement of national jurisdictions over the passages, the infrastructure which is going to be reconstructed and re-functioning.

Journalist: Is this what will be called "Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity"?

Ararat Mirzoyan: The idea is much larger than that. Armenia and Azerbaijan agreed to unblock the transport communications between themselves, and here we speak about the whole infrastructure. For

instance, Armenia gets access to the Azerbaijani railway system, Azerbaijan gets access to the Armenian railway system, and later, roads and other infrastructure.

We can use each other's infrastructure like normal neighbors do, for instance, in Europe or elsewhere. The part of this infrastructure, which is the shortest connection between mainland Azerbaijan and Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic, should be operated as TRIPP, which is "Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity".

So what is this TRIPP? Armenia and the United States are going to create a consortium, a company, which will be the constructor and the main operator of the railway passage. This consortium, in its turn, can hire a third company or companies to implement this or that, or provide this or that service for the whole passage. Also, this consortium can handle, can build and then operate pipelines, electricity cables etc.

So, all the arrangements are going to be reciprocal. We are also going to use, for instance, the territory of the Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic to connect north and south of Armenia by railway. There is no railway connection now.

Journalist: We had a chance to tour, to head on to the border with the European Union monitoring mission in Armenia. So they showed us the border regions, the mountains. We saw that. But let me ask you this, Mr. Minister. As difficult as the question may be to ask: do we have an approximate timeline as to when these borders – if I talk about specifically the border with Turkey – would be able to open for this free transit route, for travel, for everything, and when actually this railway route would start taking place? Because I remember the

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U.S. ambassador in Armenia also said that the U.S. had given 145 million for different projects. So, when can we see a timeline?

Ararat Mirzoyan: Look, as I said, we agreed upon the fundamental principles. So now we, with the delegation or a team from the United States, should agree upon the technical solutions, the technical modalities of the passage, of the company which I just mentioned. So we already started discussions with our American counterparts. I assume we can finalize this process in the coming months, and then construction should take place.

If we speak about this railway connection, I believe, the specialists say that it can take at least two years, for instance, etc. But we are very much interested in constructing, opening the ties, relaunching the ties between Armenia and Azerbaijan as soon as possible, because as I said, we are one of the main beneficiaries. We can also send goods, for instance, or receive goods using the infrastructure and territory of the Republic of Azerbaijan. But this is the connectivity part.

There is also the Peace Agreement, which was initialed by the Azerbaijani minister and myself. So we are ready: the text was finalized earlier this year in March, now it is initialed, and we are ready to sign the Treaty as soon as possible. The Azerbaijani side has some preconditions for it, we don't share this agenda. Nevertheless, not even waiting for the final signing ceremony of this Peace Treaty, there are also processes that can take place and are taking place even before this. For instance, we discussed the possibility of being more tolerant to each other or even cooperating on international fora, international platforms.

Journalist: After decades of conflict.

Ararat Mirzoyan: After decades of conflict. You can imagine what a burden is

now accumulated on different platforms, different documents, conventions, where we have special opinions etc.

We jointly applied to OSCE structures with a request to close the structures of the Minsk process. So it's already a step which has been implemented.

Also, there is the delimitation of the state border. It started long ago. We have already delimited 12 kilometers of the border. And we visit the village, for instance, the Armenian village on this part of the border, we see that the village is flourishing. There is a new school, people feel more secure, feel safer, there is no security concern among the population, villagers. So there are processes that are taking place currently, and there are things which are to come.

Journalist: What about the challenges?

Ararat Mirzoyan: Well, you know, during the decades of conflict, there is also a huge psychological burden. There is the history and the memory of the blood on both sides. There is cautiousness among citizens, I believe, on both sides. So the reconciliation will take time, I believe. The peace, as I said, is established, but it needs some care, I would say, everyday care from both sides. And here I should, I have to mention that aggressive rhetoric from either side is not supporting at all.

Journalist: Talking about aggressive rhetoric, let me ask you this: what role does Russia still play? I think that it comes as an important question, right? We have been seeing Russia's role diminishing slowly in the South Caucasus. But how does it still play in Armenia's security today? Or does it not? Or does it no longer hold the same role that it played once 15 years ago?

Ararat Mirzoyan: Well, you know, officially, we saw the welcoming statements from high-ranking Russian officials, I mean, welcoming the establishment of

peace, Washington Declaration. Again, officially, we saw an expressed readiness by Russian high-ranking officials to support the connectivity project, readiness to somehow participate. I cannot, of course, deny that we on a daily basis also observe heavy criticism by Russian media, sometimes state media, members of the parliament, experts, politicians, heavy criticism of the government of Armenia, and current foreign policy of Armenia.

Journalist: But why? Isn't it a good thing to see Armenia flourish with the West and get closer European ties?

Ararat Mirzoyan: Maybe you should ask your Russian guests, if any. But not even trying to understand the deep reasons, they can be simple, they can be sophisticated, but regardless, I think Russia, our Russian colleagues, as well as colleagues from any other third country, should respect the decisions of the people of Armenia. We are continuously having democratic elections, political parties go and introduce their agenda, their views on different crucial issues, and then citizens of Armenia decide. So our political party got the majority, led by our Prime Minister, got the majority of the votes, I mean, we got the support of the citizens of Armenia during snap parliamentary elections in 2021, in the middle of a very serious internal political crisis. We have had several public opinion polls this year, and now we are going to have an election again, a parliamentary election in June 2026. So we will see.

Journalist: And we hope at TVP World that we can be in Yerevan again to cover those elections. Thank you so much, Minister Ararat Mirzoyan, for being with us here on TVP World at the Warsaw Security Forum. I'm Diana Skaya. Thanks for watching. And this was our interview with Armenia's foreign minister, Ararat Mirzoyan.

Armenia's UPR national report adopted at 60th session of UN Human Rights Council



The 4th cycle National Report of the Republic of Armenia under the Universal Periodic Review (UPR) was adopted during the 60th session of the UN Human Rights Council in Geneva, the Foreign Ministry has announced.

"During the adoption of Armenia's 4th cycle UPR National Report, the head of the Armenian delegation, Permanent Representative to the UN Office in Geneva, Ambassador Hasmik Tolmajyan, emphasized the importance of the UPR mechanism and the recommendations addressed to Armenia within that framework, aimed at strengthening the human rights system," the ministry said.

Ambassador Tolmajyan noted that Armenia accepted the vast majority of the recommendations made by UN member states during the review of the national report, held on May 1, 2025, as part of the 49th session of the UPR Working Group.

She reaffirmed Armenia's commitment to the protection and promotion of human rights, in line with the country's ongoing reforms.

The ambassador also addressed priority areas for Armenia in the context of the UPR recommendations and reform efforts, including economic, social, cultural, political, and civil rights.

During the adoption of Armenia's UPR report, representatives of UN member states and civil society organizations delivered statements highlighting Armenia's continued dedication to human rights and reaffirming their support for the country's ongoing democratic reforms.

Deputy PM Grigoryan urges Azerbaijani counterpart to refrain from using term "Zangezur Corridor"

Deputy Prime Minister Mher Grigoryan participated remotely in the regular session of the CIS Heads of Government Council, his office said.

In his speech, the Deputy Prime Minister of Armenia welcomed the participants and thanked the Belarusian side for organizing the session. He noted that in the first half of the current year, the trade turnover between Armenia and CIS countries amounted to about 4 billion US dollars, which represents a slight decrease compared to the same period last year. In this context, he emphasized the need for the

timely adoption of an action plan aimed at strengthening cooperation, modernizing economies and introducing innovation.

According to the source, Grigoryan highlighted the creation of modern infrastructure and the establishment of effective transport and communication logistics as key factors for sustainable and comprehensive economic development.

"In this regard, I would like to note that the Republic of Armenia is committed to the regional connectivity agenda," he said. Responding to the speech of Azerbaijani Prime Minister Ali Asadov, he stressed

that it is necessary to refrain from using the term "Zangezur Corridor," adding that, according to high-level documents signed between the countries, the definition "Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity" should be used in the context of unblocking.

Mher Grigoryan reaffirmed Armenia's readiness to continue strengthening constructive partnership within the CIS framework, aimed at implementing promising and mutually beneficial projects.

ECHR President welcomes Armenia's justice reforms in talks with Prime Minister

Prime Minister of the Republic of Armenia Nikol Pashinyan met with the President of the European Court of Human Rights, Mattias Guyomar, in Strasbourg.

Prime Minister Pashinyan highly appreciated the key role of the European Court of Human Rights in the European system of human rights protection and highlighted the importance of Armenia's membership in the Council of Europe and the ECHR, which is one of the pillars of strengthening democracy and the rule of law.

The Prime Minister presented the process of judicial and legal reforms being



implemented by the Government of Armenia, emphasizing their targeted direction: increasing the independence, efficiency and accountability of the justice system.

Mattias Guyomar positively assessed

the reforms underway in Armenia and expressed confidence that they will contribute to raising the level of human rights protection. He reaffirmed the readiness of the European Court of Human Rights to continue close cooperation with the Republic of Armenia.

During the meeting, the parties also discussed issues related to the application of ECHR case law and touched upon the prospects for expanding bilateral cooperation in the field of establishment of the justice system and the protection of human rights.

Armenian Parliament adopts declaration on Peace with Azerbaijan

The Armenian National Assembly voted 64 to 0 with 2 abstentions to adopt a declaration authored by the Civil Contract faction on establishing peace between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

Presenting the main report, head of the faction Hayk Konjoryan noted that on August 8, 2025, a peace agreement between Armenia and Azerbaijan was initialed in Washington, accompanied by the signing of a peace declaration. "In essence, peace has been established between Armenia and Azerbaijan. The Civil Contract faction believes that the National Assembly must officially record this fact and, through adopting this declaration, support the peace achieved and call on all stakeholders to strengthen and develop it," Konjoryan stressed.

Lawmakers highlighted that good-neighborly relations with bordering states and open frontiers would enhance Armenia's democracy, economy, and legal system. They underlined that the Washington documents open a new chapter for stability, security, and sustainable development. The peace process, MPs emphasized, is perceived by society as the beginning of a new political and social era.

Countering opposition claims that the agreement contradicts Armenia's state interests, ruling faction MPs argued that the opposition's absence from the session reflected the lack of real counterarguments.

Deputy Speaker Hakob Arshakyan underlined that Armenia's effective ties with various countries will be further strengthened by the peace process, which will also lead to diplomatic relations with Azerbaijan and Turkey. "This is the path of a viable state: a state that engages in dialogue, embraces peace, freedom, and



independence, and guarantees the highest level of security for its citizens," he said.

In his concluding remarks, Hayk Konjoryan noted that another step in strengthening peace had just been recorded during the [meeting](#) between the Prime Minister of Armenia and the President of Azerbaijan in Copenhagen at the European Political Community summit. He emphasized that the only framework for unblocking regional communications remains the "Trump Route for International Peace and Prosperity" (TRIPP) project. "Peace serves the citizens of Armenia, while war serves the opposition. Where there is peace, there is no opposition," Konjoryan stated.

Content of the Declaration

The National Assembly of Armenia:

- Reaffirms support for Armenia's sovereignty and territorial integrity.
- Welcomes the August 8 Washington Declaration and the initialing of the "Agreement on Establishing Peace and

Interstate Relations between the Republic of Armenia and the Republic of Azerbaijan."

- Underscores that communications will be opened based on mutual respect for sovereignty, territorial integrity, and jurisdiction, with reciprocal advantages for both Armenia and Azerbaijan.
- Emphasizes cooperation with the United States and other agreed partners in defining the framework of the TRIPP project.
- Expresses gratitude to U.S. President Donald Trump for his role in facilitating peace.
- Calls on political, social, academic, and cultural circles to refrain from rhetoric fueling past conflict and instead contribute to securing lasting peace for the prosperity of the South Caucasus.

Armenian Safe YOU application presented at European Parliament

The European Parliament hosted a hearing dedicated to the prevention of domestic violence, the promotion of innovative digital tools, and the strengthening of co-operation in the field of women's protection and empowerment. A key highlight of the event was the presentation of the Armenian *Safe YOU* application, an internationally recognized digital platform designed to prevent violence against women.

The hearing was organized through the joint efforts of the Representation of Armenia to the EU and Member of the European Parliament Dainius Žalimas.

In a video message to the participants, EU Commissioner for Enlargement Marta Kos commended *Safe YOU*'s contribution to combating violence against women and raising public awareness of the issue. She underscored the importance of such innovative tools in advancing women's rights and protection.

Armenia's Ambassador to the EU, Tigran Balayan, opened the event by highlighting Armenia's dual identity as both a nation with ancient heritage and a forward-looking country embracing



innovation. He stressed that women in Armenia today play a key role in policy-making, justice, and reforms, underlining the country's commitment to gender equality and innovation-driven progress.

Safe YOU's founder, Mariam Torosyan, presented the app's development, functionality, and its growing international availability across Europe, the Middle East, and other regions. She emphasized that *Safe YOU* has been officially recognized by the UN Secretary-General as a Digital Public Good, underscoring its global

significance in protecting women and empowering communities.

Opening remarks were also delivered by MEP Dainius Žalimas, Vice-Chair of the Committee on Women's Rights and Gender Equality; Birgit Van Hout, Head of the Brussels Office of the UN Population Fund; as well as other leading ex-

perts in human rights and gender equality.

The hearing was attended by Members of the European Parliament, representatives of EU institutions, the Council of Europe, UN agencies, diplomats, NGOs, and academia. Participants stressed that domestic violence remains a pressing challenge requiring effective prevention, protection, and response mechanisms, and welcomed Armenia's experience and digital innovation as a valuable contribution to European and global efforts.

ContourGlobal refinances \$135 million portfolio of three hydroelectric power plants in Armenia

The signing ceremony of cooperation agreements between Ardshinbank and ContourGlobal took place on October 6, with the participation of the Minister of Economy of the Republic of Armenia Gevorg Papoyan, the Chairman of the Central Bank of Armenia Martin Galstyan and the U.S. Ambassador to Armenia Kristina Kvien.

According to the Ministry of Economy, the documents were signed by Alvina Abajyan, General Director of ContourGlobal Hydro Cascade, and Artak Ananyan, Chairman of the Management Board of Ardshinbank.

The signing marks the successful completion of ContourGlobal's \$135 million refinancing of a portfolio of three

hydroelectric power plants in Armenia.

Welcoming this important initiative, Minister of Economy Gevorg Papoyan noted that the deal demonstrates the long-term and stable presence of American investments in Armenia and proves that the Vorotan HPP Cascade serves as a guarantor of the country's energy security.

Papoyan praised the local financial system, stating: "The fact that Armenia's largest bank, Ardshinbank, is able to provide \$135 million in funding for such a strategic project speaks to its ability to strengthen the banking sector, comply with international standards, and serve large investors. This is a message that Armenia is not only open to investments, but also has strong local partners who can



support their implementation."

According to the source, the funds received from the transaction will be used to refinance existing liabilities and optimize the capital structure, with the goal of increasing the operational efficiency of the Vorotan HPP Cascade (404 MW), which accounts for about 12% of the country's total electricity generation capacity.

Armenia's New Growth Story



Forbes representatives visit Armenia to explore tourism and investment potential

As part of a familiarization trip organized by the Tourism Committee of Armenia, representatives of *Forbes* magazine visited the country to explore its tourism and investment opportunities, as well as future development prospects.

During the visit, the journalists discovered the cultural and natural attractions of Armenia's regions and took part in a series of high-level meetings. They held interviews with key policymakers, including the Ministers of Economy, Health, High-Tech Industry, and Finance, the Mayor of Yerevan, the Chairman of the Tourism Committee, and representatives from various sectors of the economy.

Read the full article below:

Positioned at the crossroads of Europe and Asia, Armenia is charting a bold new course—one that blends its ancient heritage with an ambitious economic vision. From timeless stone monasteries and dramatic mountain landscapes to the modern pulse of Yerevan, the country is quietly establishing itself as a destination of growing interest for travelers, investors and policymakers alike.

Tourism lies at the heart of this

transformation. In 2024, Armenia welcomed over 2.2 million visitors, a figure that not only signaled a recovery from the pandemic years but also underscored the country's increasing global appeal. A new wave of travelers—drawn by Armenia's blend of authenticity, hospitality and cultural depth—is discovering what locals have long cherished. In response, the government and private sector are working hand-in-hand to elevate the tourism experience, with support from global partners such as the World Bank, whose \$100 million investment in local tourism infrastructure marks a major step forward. This initiative aims not only to enhance the visitor journey but to create jobs, energize regional economies and encourage sustainable growth across the country.

At the same time, Armenia is deepening its engagement with Europe. In 2025, the government adopted legislation to initiate the EU accession process, signaling a clear and confident pivot toward integration with European values, standards and institutions. This shift is more than symbolic; it for foreign direct investment. Opportunities are flourishing across strategic sectors including technology, green energy, agriculture and hospitality. Initiatives led by Enterprise Armenia and other public institutions are helping to streamline investor engagement, highlight

sector strengths and position Armenia as a competitive and agile economy. As Armenia looks to the future, the alignment of a dynamic tourism sector, European aspiration and investment momentum forms a powerful narrative of transformation.

With progressive leadership and a commitment to progress, the country is writing a new story of growth that promises innovation, opportunity and inclusive prosperity. Tourism Recovery +2.2M international visitors in 2024 — exceeding prepandemic levels & showcasing growing global appeal.

EU Partnership €270M EU Resilience & Growth Plan launched — supporting reforms economic diversification & alignment with EU standards. Investment Momentum €396M invested by the EBRD in 2024 — a record figure supporting infrastructure & private sector growth. FDI Strategy Enterprise Armenia leads targeted outreach in tech, agribusiness & hospitality — simplifying investor entry & support. Cultural Appeal UNESCO sites, ancient monasteries & vibrant festivals drive sustainable tourism across all regions, reflect a national commitment to stability, transparency and shared progress. The EU's €270 million Resilience and Growth Plan for Armenia further affirms this partnership, offering targeted support for reforms and reinforcing the country's trajectory toward deeper European alignment. This momentum is also drawing investor attention.

In 2024, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) invested a record €396 million into Armenia, focusing on infrastructure, innovation and private sector development. Complemented by an increasingly investor-friendly environment—with legal protections, competitive tax reforms and government-backed incentives—Armenia is emerging as a high-potential destination option 4-1-1 This font provided the basis for the refinement of the logo The mountains of Armenia are a region of complex geology. A

Central Bank introduces gold collector coin honoring Avetik Isahakian

Press release by Central Bank of Armenia

activities, for which he was repeatedly persecuted. For almost 20 years he had

Reverse: Avetik Isahakian's portrait and signature.

Designers: Karapet Abrahamyan (obverse), Lusine Lalayan (reverse).

The coin is minted at the Mint of Poland.

Technical specification

Face value	10 000 dram
Metal/fineness	gold 9000
Weight	8,6 g
Diameter	22,0 mm
Quality	proof
Edge	ribbed
Quantity of issue	300 pcs
Year of issue	2025

Notice

Collector coins are made of precious metals and are issued to present to the society the national, international, historical and cultural, spiritual and other values of the country, to immortalize these values in the metal and to meet the demands of the numismatic market.

Like any other currency the collector coins have face value which makes them the means of payment. However, the face value of these coins is much lower than their cost price which includes the cost of the precious metal used for manufacturing of the coin, mintage and other expenses. Low face value and high-cost price allow these coins to be considered as the items of collection and not the means of payment used in money circulation. The collector coins have also the sale price set by the Central Bank of Armenia.

As the items of collection, the collector coins are issued in very restricted quantities and are not reissued.

Numismatists, collectors and all interested persons can buy the Armenian collector coins in the sales salon "[Numismatist](#)" which is in the building of the Central Bank of Armenia and is open for everyone. You can find the prices for numismatic items presented in the "Numismatist" sales salon at the following [link](#).



On October 1, 2025, the Central Bank of Armenia put into circulation a gold collector coin dedicated to the renowned Armenian poet, prose writer, public figure, publicist, Academician of the Academy of Sciences of the Armenian SSR (1943), Avetik Isahakyan (1875-1957).

The coin is named "150th birth anniversary of Avetik Isahakian".

Isahakian was born in the town of Alexandropol (now Gyumri). He took his primary education in Alexandropol, carried on studying at the Haritch monastery school, and later on at the Gevorkian Theological Seminary of Etchmiadzin.

In the period 1893-1895 Isahakian studied at the Department of Literature and Philosophy of the University of Leipzig, Germany.

In 1897 the first collection of Isahakian's poems titled "Songs and Wounds" was published in Alexandropol.

In 1909 he wrote the famous poem "Abu-Lala Mahari", where the main character was the poet himself – a bearer of the universal pain and suffering, and a tragedy of personality.

In addition to his literary life, Isahakian was engaged in national-political

been forced to live and create away from his homeland – in Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Italy, France.

In 1936 Isahakian returned to his homeland. He spent the last years of his life enjoying people's love and respect; he was given the honorable title Varpet ("Master").

In 1946-1957 Isahakian was the chairman of the Union of Writers of Armenia.

Avetik Isahakian is a multi-genre author: he wrote poems, short stories, fables, as well as public articles, memoirs and letters related to the Armenian Issue.

The poet's works have been translated into many languages. Songs, symphonies, other types of music compositions have been written based on the works he created.

Many streets, schools, libraries in Armenia carry the name of Avetik Isahakian, there are house-museums named after Isahakian and monuments erected in his memory in Yerevan and Gyumri. The Union of Writers of Armenia established the "Avetik Isahakian" literary award, in honor of the poet.

Obverse: Mount Aragats, a quatrain from Avetik Isahakian's poem "To Aragats".

Swimming pool at Tsaghkadzor Sports Complex licensed by European Aquatics Federation



The swimming pool at the Tsaghkadzor Main Sports Complex has officially been licensed as a European-standard aquatic sports facility by the European Aquatics Federation.

The new accreditation will significantly expand the opportunities for hosting athletes and international training camps in Armenia, boosting the country's profile in aquatic sports.

The license was presented by Josip Varvodic, First Vice President of the European Aquatics Federation. "The pool has been built in line with European and international standards. All the facilities here are excellent," Varvodic noted.

Vardan Zakaryan, Director of the Tsaghkadzor Sports Complex, emphasized

the importance of this milestone for the development of the center. "First and foremost, this licensing comes with serious responsibility. It opens a new pathway toward Europe, which is a major achievement for the complex," Zakaryan said.

The licensing of the Tsaghkadzor swimming pool marks a new chapter in the development of aquatic sports in Armenia, paving the way for broader international cooperation and competitions.

Armenian students win top honors at Open World Astronomy Olympiad in Sochi

Five students from the A. Shahinyan Specialized Physics-Mathematics School of Yerevan achieved outstanding results at the Open World Astronomy Olympiad held in Sochi, Russia, earning three gold and two silver medals.

In the team standings, Armenia placed second overall, surpassed only by the host country, Russia.

The Armenian team members and their awards are as follows:

- Gor Hasratyan, 2025 graduate and first-year student at Yerevan State University – Gold Medal



- Natali Margaryan, 12th grade – Gold Medal
- Ruzanna Shiroyan, 12th grade – Gold Medal

- Bagrat Bagratyan, 12th grade – Silver Medal
- Anahit Galstyan, 12th grade – Silver Medal

The team was led by Artavazd Harutyunyan, head of the school's Astronomy Olympiad group.

All expenses for the team's participation were covered by the "Friend of the PhysMath School" Charitable Foundation, ensuring that Armenia's young astronomers could compete on the international stage.

Shushan Sargsyan's mono-operas included in Grammy Awards long list

Composer Shushan Sargsyan's mono-operas *Reflections* and *Dialogue* have been included in the long list of the Recording Academy's 68th Grammy Awards in the "Best Contemporary Classical Composition" category.

At an event held on October 2 to mark the occasion, Sargsyan noted that the works were released in the United States and are available on more than 150 music platforms worldwide. She added that in the coming days it will be clear whether the mono-operas make it to the short list of the awards.

"Reflections" by Shushan Sargsyan is a chamber mono-opera written for soprano, violin, and piano. The work is

performed by Tereza Gevorgyan (soprano, Great Britain), Martin Shahbazyan (piano, USA), and Eric Manukyan (violin, Armenia). The mono-opera "Dialogue" is written for baritone. It is performed by Axel Daveyan (baritone, Germany) and Martin Shahbazyan (piano, USA).

Sargsyan highlighted her collaboration with producer Yuri Volodarsky, based in the United States. She noted that for works to be considered for the Grammy Awards they must be released in the U.S. and submitted by a U.S.-based organization. She noted that the projects were realized under the high patronage of Armenia's Ministry of Education, Science, Culture and Sport.



Deputy Minister Daniel Danielyan stated that Sargsyan had participated in the ministry's competitive grant program, where her project was approved by the committee and received funding.



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Noyan Tapan introduces "Discussion" welcoming the director of the Armenian Institute of International and Security Affairs, Styopa Safaryan



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