

Demarcation of Armenian-Azerbaijani border should be part of comprehensive peace settlement – MFA



Imposing conditions by the use of force or the threat of force is a gross violation of international law and Armenia will not give in to such pressures, spokesperson for the Armenian Ministry of Foreign Affairs Anna Naghdalyan said, commenting on the situation on Armenian-Azerbaijani border.

Armenia also rejects the introduction of a so-called “disputed territories” agenda, which could set a dangerous precedent for justifying the use of force in other regions as well, she emphasized.

“By failing to fulfill its obligations under the November 9 trilateral statement, in particular, the repatriation of Armenian prisoners of war and civilians held hostage and other humanitarian issues, Azerbaijan has reaffirmed its intentional violation of international obligations,” Naghdalyan stated.

She noted that the demarcation of the border between the Republic of Armenia and the Republic of Azerbaijan should be part of the process of comprehensive peace settlement, within the

framework of which the issues of de-occupation of the territories of the Artsakh Republic and determination of the final legal status of Artsakh under the auspices of the OSCE Minsk Group should be addressed

“In this situation, the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of the Azerbaijani armed forces from the sovereign territory of the Republic of Armenia as of May 11 may create the necessary conditions for considering the emerging issues within the framework of the political-diplomatic toolkit,” she noted.

“Our international partners who act from the positions of international law and are sincerely interested in stability and security in the South Caucasus, have expressed their unequivocal position that Azerbaijan must immediately and unconditionally withdraw its troops from the sovereign territory of Armenia,” the Spokesperson stated.

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President Sarkissian holds meeting with Pashinyan



President Armen Sarkissian held a meeting with caretaker Prime Minister

Nikol Pashinyan.

Sarkissian and Pashinyan discussed “the situation at the Armenian-Azerbaijani border and the course of actions in the direction of repelling the Azerbaijani military units that have invaded Armenian sovereign territory and ruling out infringements against Armenia’s territorial integrity,” according to a news release issued by the Prime Minister’s Office.

“Opinions were exchanged over Armenia’s stance and presented pre-conditions on the issue of starting delimitation and demarcation. It was underscored that necessary conditions for starting relevant discussions in this discussion will be created only in case the [Armenian stance and pre-conditions] are satisfied.”

CoE will do the utmost within its mandate to help achieve lasting peace in the region, Secretary General tells Armenian President

The Council of Europe, within its mandate, will do its utmost to support the two member states in achieving lasting peace and prosperity in the region, Secretary General of the Council of Europe Maria Pejčinović Burić said in a letter to Armenian President Armenia Armen Sarkissian on the immediate return of all Armenian prisoners of war and civilians held by Azerbaijan.

“We continue to closely monitor the humanitarian and human rights situation in and around Nagorno-Karabakh. In its turn,



the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe has expressed its concern over the reports, according to which not all persons detained in the context of the 2020 conflict have been exchanged,” she said.

The Secretary General said the PACE Migration Commission is currently preparing a report entitled “Humanitarian Consequences of the Armenia-Azerbaijan Conflict.”

“Let me assure you that the Council of Europe, within its mandate, will do its utmost to support the two member states in

achieving lasting peace and prosperity in the region, and will use every opportunity to raise humanitarian and human rights issues,” said in Maria Pechinovich Burich’s reply letter.

Azerbaijani side opens fire on construction equipment near the village of Shosh in Artsakh

On May 17, the Azerbaijani side, once again violating the ceasefire statement, opened fire on construction equipment carrying out engineering work in the rear of the Armenian positions near the village of Shosh, Artsakh’s Human Rights Defender Gegham Stepanyan informs.

A resident of Shosh community in Martuni region was injured as a result of breaking of the windows of the equipment.

The Human Rights Defender states that the Azerbaijani side, ignoring the agreement reached at the highest

political level and the international legal norms, regularly resorts to provocations, endangering the life and health of the people of Artsakh. The incidents are aimed at disrupting the normal life of the people in different communities; they are directed against the physical and mental immunity of the people of Artsakh.

Taking into account the impossibility of the internal structures of Artsakh to prosecute the perpetrators of such incidents by the Azerbaijani side, the Defender urges to take appropriate steps

to investigate the incidents, to conduct a tripartite investigation, to conduct a proper investigation into all registered cases, which will allow the perpetrators to be prosecuted.



500-600 Azerbaijani troops still in Armenia: Pashinyan presents the situation on borders



Situation in the border regions of Gegharkunik and Syunik remains unchanged, Armenia's acting Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan said at the government sitting on May 20.

He added that the situation remains tense as about 500-600 Azerbaijani servicemen still remain on the territory of the Republic of Armenia.

“The logic of our armed forces is the following: to restrain the potential of Azerbaijan's actions through tactical steps. In political terms our goal is not to allow the situation spiral out of control and to do the utmost to exclude any scenario of war or military clashes and to get the Azerbaijani troops to pull back from the territory of Armenia,” Pashinyan said.

He stressed that Armenia's opinion

overlaps with that of international partners and noted that the movement of Azerbaijani troops goes counter to the trilateral statement of November 9.

Nikol Pashinyan noted that the opening of communications in the region is one of the priorities for the government, because the opening of communications is as necessary for Azerbaijan as it is for the Republic of Armenia.

On the other hand, he reiterated that Armenia has never discussed and will never discuss anything in the context of “corridor” logic.

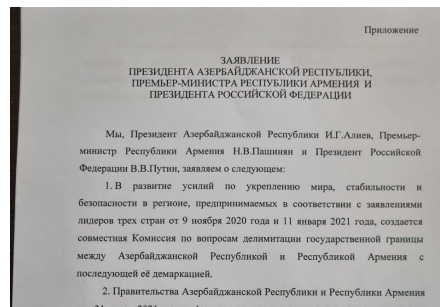
Nikol Pashinyan confirms the authenticity of the document published by the opposition

Armenia's acting Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan has confirmed the authenticity of the document on establishment of a joint commission on the delimitation of borders between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

“Yes, this is the only document that has been in circulation for two days now,” Pashinyan said at a special sitting of the National Assembly initiated by the opposition factions.

According to the acting Prime Minister, the document had not been made public earlier, as it would be incorrect for the government to publish the working document still under discussion.

“What is the most important provision in that document is that the parties



undertake to resolve the border situations not through movements of troops, but exclusively through diplomatic and political means,” said Nikol Pashinyan.

The document leaked by the opposition raised a wave of criticism and sparked protests. The sitting of the National Assembly was accompanied by protests

outside the building.

According to the draft, by May 31, Armenia and Azerbaijan shall form national delegations within the framework of the commission on border delimitation, and the Russian Federation shall form a delegation to provide them with advisory assistance.

The document stipulates that the commission will hold its first meeting by June 30, based on the results of which it will form a list of main directions and work procedure, as well as approve the composition of the expert groups. The document emphasizes that all issues will be resolved “exclusively by political and diplomatic means.”

Armenian official denies secret concessions to Baku

Member of Parliament Ruben Rubinyan from the ruling My Step bloc denies rumors on an alleged verbal agreement on surrendering any village or territory of Armenia to Azerbaijan.

Speaking to reporters in parliament, Rubinyan mentioned that the potential delimitation document's full version was published by the opposition the day before. He assured that there is no other document under discussion.

“We've all seen the working version,

and it doesn't contain any word on ceding any territory. The Armenian side has said that the discussion of this document can happen only in case of the Azerbaijani military formations returning to their original positions,” he said.

He said all reports alleging that secret, verbal agreements exist on surrendering villages to Azerbaijan are fake news.

Rubinyan reiterated that the delimitation and demarcation document can only be signed in case of the

Armenian side's condition is fulfilled, i.e. – the withdrawal of Azeri troops from the Armenian sovereign territory.



European Parliament demands immediate and unconditional release of all Armenian POWs



conditions.” It said at least two Armenian civilians have died in Azerbaijani captivity as a result.

The resolution calls on both Azerbaijan and Armenia to fully comply with the November 2020 truce agreement that requires the unconditional release of all prisoners held

by the conflicting sides.

The Russian peacekeepers stationed in Karabakh have arranged several prisoner swaps in recent months. No Azerbaijani prisoners are known to be held in Armenia or Karabakh at present.

A total of 73 Armenian prisoners of war (POWs) and civilians have been freed to date. More than 100 others are believed to remain in Azerbaijani captivity.

Azerbaijan says that they are not covered by the truce agreement because

they were captured after it took effect on November 10. Azerbaijani officials have branded them as “terrorists” and said Baku does not intend to release them. Yerevan regards this as a gross violation of the accord brokered by Russian President Vladimir Putin.

The EU called for the release of the remaining Armenian prisoners in a statement released in late April. It also said Baku must also provide the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) with information about their whereabouts and detention and health conditions

The European Parliament resolution notes that the Azerbaijani authorities have failed to comply with relevant “interim measures” issued by the Strasbourg-based court with regard to at least 112 Armenians. It urges them to “cooperate fully with the ECHR on the issue of Armenian prisoners.”

The European Parliament has demanded the “immediate and unconditional” release of all Armenian prisoners held by Azerbaijan more than six months after a Russian-brokered ceasefire stopped the war in Nagorno-Karabakh.

In a resolution overwhelmingly passed on May 20, the European Union’s legislative body also expressed serious concern over “credible reports” that they have been tortured and held in “degrading

US stresses the need for comprehensive and long-term political settlement to Nagorno Karabakh conflict

The United States emphasizes the urgent need for a comprehensive and long-term political settlement to the Nagorno Karabakh conflict is clear, US Chargé d’Affaires Courtney Austrian said at the OSCE Permanent Council.

“In our national capacity, the United States recalls the April 13 Minsk Group



Co-Chairs’ statement underscoring their readiness to assist the sides in resolving remaining areas of concern through high-level negotiations. These include issues related to, *inter alia*: the return of all

Prisoners of War and other detainees, the exchange of all data necessary to conduct effective demining of conflict regions; the lifting of restrictions on access to Nagorno Karabakh, including for representatives of international humanitarian organizations; the preservation and protection of religious and cultural heritage; and the fostering of direct contacts and co-operation between communities affected by the conflict as well as other people-to-people confidence building measures,” Courtney Austrian said.

“We urge the sides to return to substantive high-level negotiations, without preconditions, under the auspices of the Minsk Group Co-Chairs as soon as possible. The continued and urgent need for a comprehensive and long-term political settlement to the Nagorno

Karabakh conflict is clear. We urge both sides to avoid fueling hatred through escalatory or dehumanizing rhetoric. We also urge both sides to investigate alleged human rights violations or violations of international humanitarian law, and to hold accountable those found responsible,” she added.

“In light of recent developments, the United States also notes that movements in areas where borders are not fully demarcated at a time of tension are irresponsible and unnecessarily provocative. We call on the sides to commit immediately to a process of discussion and negotiation to resolve their differences, and not to resort to unilateral and aggressive actions in the future,” the US envoy noted.

The displayed map shows greater part of Black Lake is in Armenian territory – EU Ambassador



Head of the EU Delegation to Armenia, Ambassador Andrea Wiktorin talked about her goals and impressions after visiting the Armenian-Azerbaijani border, the area of the Black Lake (Sev Lich). ARMENPRESS reports the EU Ambassador said that together with the Ambassadors of the EU member states they

aimed to carry out a fact-finding mission and get acquainted with the developments on the Armenian-Azerbaijani border on site.

“I am grateful to Deputy Foreign Minister Avet Adonts, the Foreign Ministry and the Defense Ministry for organizing the visit”, she said.

Before visiting the area of the Black Lake, Armenian Armed Forces corps commander Samvel Minasyan presented to the Ambassadors the map of the Armenian SSR of 1969 ratified by documents, signatures and stamps. A journalist asked EU Ambassador Andrea Wiktorin about her opinion of that map.

Andrea Wiktorin answered, “I have heard about a few maps. Today we were

shown the map of 1969. I am not an expert and cannot express a concrete opinion, but it was obvious from today’s map that greater part of the Black Lake is located in the territory of the Republic of Armenia”.

The EU Ambassador assured that the EU uses all the levers for contributing to the solution of the situation and that the EU is the supporter of the territorial integrity.

The envoys included the EU ambassador to Armenia Andrea Wiktorin, EU representative Jan Plešinger, EU representative Silvia Zehe and the ambassadors of the Czech Republic, France, Germany, Italy, Lithuania, the Netherlands, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, Sweden and Greece.

Blinken, Lavrov discuss the issue of finding a long-term political solution to the Karabakh conflict

US Secretary of State Antony Blinken and Russian Foreign Minister Sergey Lavrov have discussed the ways of finding a long-term political solution to the Karabakh conflict, the State Department said.

Secretary of State Antony J. Blinken and Russian Foreign Minister Sergey Lavrov met on the margins of the Arctic Council Ministerial.

The Secretary noted that the United



States sought a more stable and predictable relationship with Moscow. To that end, Secretary Blinken and Foreign Minister

Lavrov discussed Russia’s Arctic Council Chairmanship and the importance of cooperation given our shared stake in the region.

The Secretary underscored the imperative of ensuring humanitarian access for the people of Syria, while they also discussed regional issues, including finding a long-term political solution to the Armenian-Azerbaijani conflict.

The Secretary and the Foreign Minister committed to continued discussions going forward.

Armenia’s territorial integrity has to be respected – Greek MFA

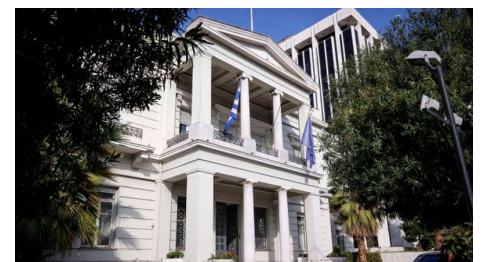
Tensions along Armenia’s border are of particular concern, the Greek Ministry of Foreign Affairs said in a Twitter post.

“Armenia’s territorial integrity has to be respected. It is essential to avoid any unilateral actions that could undermine regional peace and stability,” the Ministry said.

The statement comes after the Azerbaijani armed forces intruded into the sovereign territory of Armenia on May 12. Some groups have pulled back as a result of actions taken by the Armenian forces, but some troops still remain in the border regions of Syunik and Gegharkunik.

Negotiations were expected to continue

on Wednesday, but the Azerbaijani side failed to show up at the talks.



Pashinyan attaches importance to consistent implementation of main directions of EAEU macroeconomic policy



Acting Prime Minister of Armenia Nikol Pashinyan says it's important to continue the works on revealing and eliminating the mutual trade barriers and restrictions within the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU).

"This work, without exaggeration, is being carried out during the whole period of the existence of our Union. Despite the differences in the positions on creating a common market of goods and services, and some objective difficulties, we continue searching for constructive solutions. We consider the consistent fulfilment of main

directions of the Union's member states' 2021-2022 macroeconomic policy as a tool of adapting to the demands and challenges of the time. Economic recovery rates in our countries will be greatly determined based on the main provisions of this document", he said during the online session of the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council.

"Forming common approaches on running an agreed external trade policy, which will be in accordance with the interests of each member state and the whole Union, is the key component of ensuring the Eurasian economic integration. Today we can state for sure that the free trade and commercial cooperation agreements between the EAEU and third countries have shown them of being demanded. In this respect we once again reaffirm our readiness to continue implementing joint projects and

conducting consistent works for the popularization of the idea of the Eurasian economic integration and the increase of its international reputation", Nikol Pashinyan said.

Pashinyan also highlights importance of developing single gas market in EEU

Armenia attaches great importance to the formation of a single gas market in the Eurasian Economic Union, Nikol Pashinyan said at an online meeting of the Supreme Eurasian Economic Council.

"From today's agenda I'd like to point out some items, which from our perspective have big significance for the development of integration processes. We attach great importance to the formation of a single gas market for the union. We find it necessary that not only the approaches of price-formation and tariffs are agreed as part of treaties, but so that the tariffs of gas shipment from third countries for domestic consumption are defined, based on transparency and non-discriminatory approach," Pashinyan said.

Government set to tackle the VAT-Profit Tax-related problems faced by real estate developers following the revision of real estate tax bases

A Cabinet meeting was held on May 20, chaired by Acting Prime Minister Nikol Pashinyan.

Before discussing the agenda, the Acting Prime Minister referred to the situation on the Armenian-Azerbaijani border and the situation inside Armenia.

The government approved the draft law On Amending the Tax Code of the Republic of Armenia in an effort to solve the VAT-Profit Tax-related problems faced by real estate developers following the revision of the real estate taxation system. The bill provides that the amount of VAT or profit tax due for real estate alienation transactions shall be calculated at the rate of 80% of the asset's approximate market value.

The government next decided that the Ministry of Education, Science, Cul-

ture and Sports will see a budget increase of 51,400 thousand drams in 2021, which is to be reallocated to the Urban Development Committee with a view to developing design and cost-estimate documents necessary for 144-seat modular kindergartens to be built in 10 communities. According to the reference note, 5 nursery-kindergartens will be built in Armavir Marz, 3 - in Lori Marz, one - in Kotayk Marz and another one in Shirak Marz of Armenia.



The government passed a decision establishing that the balance of overpayment recorded as of January 1, 2018, and the amounts different from the overpayment shall be returned to the taxpayer's unified account without the taxpayer's application. The taxpayers will have the opportunity to use the amounts returned to repay their social payment-related liabilities.

According to the data available in the SRC database, as of May 1, 2021, there are 35935 taxpayers with overpayments; the total amount overpaid is 4549.3 thousand drams. At the same time, about 89% of such taxpayers (about 32,000 taxpayers) have overpayments of 1 to 100,000 drams; 35 taxpayers have overpayments of more than 10 million drams, the total amount of which is about 1,800 thousand drams.

EBRD- and EU-backed fund invests in Armenia's renewable energy sector

Private equity fund Amber Capital Armenia, supported by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and the European Union (EU), has acquired Solis, an Armenian solar plant operator, to build and operate a 4 MW photovoltaic (PV) solar power plant in Aragatsoh, western Armenia.

The facility is expected to be operational by the end of 2021 and generate 7.5 GWh of clean energy per year, resulting in 3,200 tonnes of avoided CO₂ emissions annually. The power plant will contribute to Armenia's green recovery and create around 50 jobs in construction and plant operations.

Ecoville LLC, a leader in the development and construction of commercial ground-mounted solar power plants and rooftop PV systems in Armenia, has been awarded the engineering and construction contract for the project in a competitive tender process.

This is the first project financed by EU-Armenia SME Fund, managed by Amber Capital; the private equity fund seeks to invest in viable small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) in Armenia. Ameriabank provided financing towards this first project.

Anushavan Simonyan, CEO of Amber Capital Armenia, highlighted the importance of the project for both the country



and the fund, emphasising that renewable energy is one of the fund's priorities. "The investment in this solar project is the first step in our strategy to develop a market-leading renewable-energy assets portfolio, adhering to the highest environmental, social and governance standards," he said. "We see a great potential and continue to seek investment opportunities in the renewables space, with the goal of contributing to Armenia's green energy potential, environmental improvement and job creation. We are very pleased to partner with Ameriabank and Ecoville to make this important project happen."

Artak Hanesyan, Ameriabank CEO, underscored the potential of Armenia's renewable energy sector and noted that Ameriabank has been supporting a series of projects in the renewable energy sector. "We are delighted to be part of key investment projects in Armenia that contribute to the development of the country's stra-

tegically important economic sectors," he said. "We are committed to the delivery of our green policies, and the partnership with Amber Capital is yet another important contribution to a more efficient and environmentally friendly energy system in Armenia."

Dimitri Gvindadze, EBRD Head of Armenia, said: "Increasing the production of clean energy is an important step in reducing carbon emissions in Armenia and addressing climate change. This is yet another step in boosting the solar capacity of the country. One of the core objectives of the EBRD is the transition towards a low-carbon economy."

Andrea Wiktorin, Ambassador of the European Union to the Republic of Armenia, said: "The EU Armenia SME Fund is key for the country's business environment and investment climate, in line with Comprehensive and Enhanced Partnership Agreement standards. We are glad and proud that the Fund's first investment is in the renewables sector, which signifies the potential for sustainable finance and investments in Armenia. The EU is committed to supporting the country and its private sector on the path to green recovery, economic growth and job creation. The green transition is on its way and unstoppable."

Potential production of Sputnik V in Armenia under discussion



The possibility of a potential production of the Russian vaccine against the coronavirus in Armenia and Kyrgyzstan is under discussion, Russian President Vladimir Putin said in his speech at the EEU summit.

"As you know we succeeded in rather quickly creating our own very effective and safe vaccines against the coronavirus,

and soon the fourth vaccine will be put into circulation, the Sputnik Light," he said, adding that the inoculation is actively proceeding in Russia.

"The production of Sputnik V is successfully localized, our colleagues here already said, in both Kazakhstan and in Belarus. Now the possibility of starting these productions in Armenia and Kyrgyzstan is under discussion," the Russian president said. He emphasized that Russia is the only country which is handing over the technologies of the vaccines.

Putin said that given the present-day circumstances Russia finds it important to focus on cooperation in pharmaceutical safety. He said that Russian-made medications against the coronavirus have already been produced and they are highly effec-

tive.

He said that EEU experts must prepare by yearend an action plan on ensuring EEU countries with essential medications not only for treating the coronavirus but other dangerous diseases. A global virtual machine will be installed on the grounds of Ca' Zenobio degli Armeni, connecting more than 80 countries that house the Armenian diaspora and expanding the architectural structures of Venice through Augmented Reality. The connected individuals will be able to share their experiences through images and videos, inviting visitors into their daily life. The pavilion is curated by Allen Sayegh, in collaboration with Boston-based design firm INVIVIA and Armenian firm Storaket Architectural Studio.

Azerbaijan continues violating international humanitarian law, Armenia's acting FM tells CoE



By refusing to hand over the remaining prisoners of war Azerbaijan continues violating international human rights law and international humanitarian law, Armenia's acting Foreign Minister Ara Aivazian said, addressing the 131st Session of the Committee of Ministers of the Council of Europe.

He reminded that last year Azerbaijan waged a bloody war against the people of Nagorno-Karabakh (Artsakh). The war was accompanied with massive violations of human rights and international humanitarian law.

"These transgressions are well documented not only in Armenian sources, but also internationally: by organizations such as Amnesty, the Human Rights Watch and Freedom House. Our own European Court of Human Rights indicated interim measures to Azerbaijan with relation to hundreds of persons confirmed to be captured by that country, requesting infor-

mation about them, but not receiving any. The Court went to the length of publicly notifying the Committee of Ministers that Azerbaijan is not cooperating. Last PACE plenary expressed its grave concern as well. By refusing to hand over the remaining prisoners of war Azerbaijan continues violating international human rights law and international humanitarian law to this very day," the acting minister said.

"We see an important role for the Council of Europe in addressing the devastating humanitarian consequences of the war in Nagorno-Karabakh including displacement, destruction of cultural and religious sites and continued captivity of hundreds of prisoners of war and civilians. We believe that our Committee should bolster its efforts in this respect, also by providing its full support to the Court, Parliamentary Assembly, Commissioner for Human Rights and other relevant bodies. So far, the response of the Committee to Azerbaijan's obvious violations of its statutory and conventional obligations has not been adequate," Aivazian added.

He emphasized that lack of strong response to massive and grave human rights violations in Nagorno-Karabakh further emboldened Azerbaijan to project the same policy towards Republic of Armenia by

making attempts to seize borderline territories and deprive the local population of their livelihood.

"The Council of Europe was established with the aim of achieving greater unity among its Member States. And the Council has been successful in bringing almost the entirety of Europe under one roof and in devising legal standards guiding many aspects of the cooperation between its Member States. Yet, there is a great divide between some of our Member States. And while the perpetrators of atrocious crimes are allowed to be on equal footing with those who still believe in the values of democracy and human rights, this divide is only going to widen. Unless we reinvigorate our efforts in ensuring democratic security throughout Europe, and particularly for those living in areas of conflicts and confrontations, our overarching goal of greater unity in Europe would remain illusory," Ara Aivazian concluded.



Lithuanian parliamentarians express concern over reports of growing tension between Armenia and Azerbaijan

Members of the Seimas Group for Inter-Parliamentary Relations with the Republic of Armenia adopted the statement on the situation on the border between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

The statement notes that Lithuania is closely monitoring the situation on the border between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

The parliamentarians expressed their concern about reports of rising tensions be-



tween Armenia and Azerbaijan with reports of an incursion into the Armenian territory.

The Members of the Seimas Group

for Inter-Parliamentary Relations with the Republic of Armenia urge all parties to respect the ceasefire agreement achieved on November 10 fully and to continue to negotiate a permanent and peaceful settlement. The call is issued for stopping all action that would undermine the ceasefire and escalate tensions.

The expectation is voiced that Azerbaijan will immediately pull back its forces.

Military attachés accredited to Armenia visit Syunik



On May 20, the Ministry of Defense organized a visit of military attachés of foreign embassies accredited to the Republic of Armenia to Syunik province to study the

situation created as a result of intrusion of Azerbaijani servicemen on the ground.

Representatives of the command of the Armed Forces unit responsible for the area of the briefed the military attachés on the situation after May 12, the developments, the actions taken by the Armenian side and answered questions.

Accompanied by representatives of the command, the military attachés visited the Sev Lich area, recorded the presence of

Azerbaijani servicemen in the territory of the Republic of Armenia, observed the deployment of Armenian-Azerbaijani forces in the territory.



GIRLS GO Engineering University Challenge for Female Students

Special Scholarship from Synopsys for Female Students in Technologies in Yerevan and Gyumri

Synopsys organizes "GIRLS GO Engineering" contest to inspire and encourage girls who want to start a career in technology

YEREVAN, Armenia, May 21, 2021 – Synopsys Armenia today announced that Synopsys organizes "GIRLS GO Engineering" contest to guide girls to engineering, to inspire and encourage girls who want to start a career in technology. This is the third consecutive year Synopsys continues supporting female students.

The statement of Synopsys Armenia Press service states:

"Are you ready for a challenge? **Synopsys Armenia** is seeking for brave female engineers!

We imagine a world in which women and men have truly equal opportunities, representation, and recognition in engineering careers.

Internationally, there is a strong gender imbalance in the STEM fields of

science, technology, engineering, and mathematics. Synopsys aims to inspire females in technological pursuits, with the hope that they can contribute more to, and have a greater voice in the field of technology.

And here we're coming up with a challenging initiative to support and empower female engineers – **GIRLS GO Engineering university challenge.**

We have a special motivation for this challenge – **Scholarship for 2021-2022 academic year** (up to \$1500 towards tuition fee).

Challenge Eligibility

A female student should:

- Be currently enrolled at any university/college in **Yerevan or Gyumri** in her third year or above
- Be studying IT/Computer Sciences, Engineering (Automation, Robotics, Electronics, Mechatronics), Telecommunication/IC
- Maintain a strong academic record, as well as leadership and presentation skills
- Have sufficient knowledge of English to understand and communicate.

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How to Apply

If you fulfill the eligibility criteria, there's only one step that keeps you away from this challenge:

Fill in this [APPLICATION FORM](#) and send the transcripts of your records (a detailed record of your marks or grades that has been generated by your current university) to emea_diversity@synopsys.com. In the subject line of your email, please mention "**Your Location, Name Surname**".

Deadline for submissions is July 31, 2021, 11:59 PM CEST!

Selection Process

Shortlisted applicants will be invited for a final interview with the organizers. Final selection will be announced in mid-September, all participants will be notified about the results.

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EAFJD welcomes European Parliament resolution on Armenian POWs

The European Armenian Federation for Justice and Democracy (EAFJD) welcomes the urgent resolution of the European Parliament (EP), demanding the unconditional release of all the Armenian prisoners of war (POWs) and captives, still illegally detained by Azerbaijani. The joint cross-party resolution which was co-signed by 47 Members of the European Parliament (MEPs), representing the five biggest political groups in the parliament, was adopted earlier today by an overwhelming majority. The voting took place after the plenary, where several MEPs firmly condemned the Azerbaijani barbaric behavior towards the Armenian POWs and called on the EU to take an active part in the process of their release.

The European Parliament expresses deep concern about the reports on the degrading conditions, the inhuman treatment and torture of many Armenian hostages by the Azerbaijani authorities. Moreover, the EP is calling on Azerbaijan to strictly respect the international humanitarian law, according to which the ill-treatment of POWs is a war crime.

Furthermore, the Parliament raises the issue of the Azerbaijani refusal to cooperate with relevant international organizations such as the ICRC and calls on the Azerbaijani authorities to stop prohibiting the access to the Armenian prisoners for the representatives of these organizations or other lawyers, doctors and human rights defenders. In addition, the resolution calls



on the Azerbaijani government to fully cooperate with the ECHR by providing an exhaustive list of all persons held in its captivity and detailed information on their conditions of detention and state of health. As a Member state of the Council of Europe, Azerbaijan is supposed to comply with the interim measures of the European Court of Human Rights. Something that the Azerbaijani authorities have failed to do.

In addition to the Armenian POWs issue, the resolution criticizes the latest intrusion of the Azerbaijani armed forces in the Armenian sovereign territory and the violation of its territorial integrity as well as of international law. The EP also deplores the increased level of hate speech and anti-Armenian state policy in Azerbaijan, particularly the opening of the so-called “Trophy Park” in Baku and urges that it be closed without delay.

The European Parliament reiterates its full support to the efforts of the OSCE Minsk Group Co-Chairs and their mandate

to find a sustainable peaceful solution for the conflict based on the OSCE 2009 Basic Principles, including the right for self-determination of the peoples. To conclude, the resolution also highlights the urgent need to send humanitarian assistance and to ensure the security of the Armenian population and its cultural heritage in Nagorno Karabakh.

Commenting on the resolution, EAFJD president Kaspar Karampetian stated: “With the resolution adopted by the European Parliament, the European Commission and the EEAS have an additional powerful instrument in their possession to act more concretely and use all their political and diplomatic leverage for the return of all the Armenian captives. It is an absolute disgrace that the Azerbaijani authorities are using this humanitarian issue as a bargaining chip for more geopolitical or territorial gains. The rights of the Armenian POWs to be treated humanely and to be released regardless of the circumstances of their detention are guaranteed by international conventions signed also by Azerbaijan. Since the end of the war, Azerbaijan is violating all of them”.

“It is also important that with the resolution the European Parliament clearly criticizes the ongoing violation of sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Armenia by Azerbaijan. The Azerbaijani invasion must be firmly condemned by the international community,” concluded Karampetian.

Italian region of Friuli Venezia Giulia recognizes the Armenian Genocide

The regional council of Friuli Venezia Giulia, Italy, unanimously adopted a *resolution*, recognizing the Armenian Genocide, the Armenian Embassy in Italy reports.

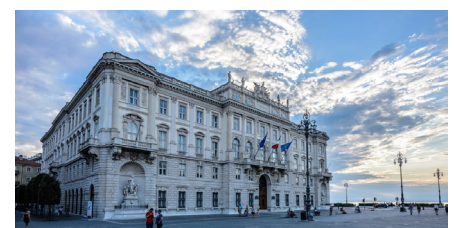
Author of the document Alberto Budai said “It is important for our autonomous community to express itself clearly by taking all necessary action for the recognition of the genocide of Armenians, a proud peo-

ple who have endured and endure so many abuses and which deserve our support.”

he thanked members of the council for voting unanimously to approve the motion.

“The freedom of peoples, the possibility of self-determination and the protection of local identities are fundamental values that prompted me to take on my political path. the fundamental rights must never be overruled and international law must

always be guaranteed to everyone,” he added.



Issue of Azerbaijani intrusion into Armenia raised at UK House of Lords



During the debates at the House of Lords, Baroness Cox raised the issues of refusal by Azerbaijan to release Armenian prisoners of war and civilian detainees, atrocities perpetrated by Azerbaijan during the war in Nagorno-Karabakh, escalation of anti-Armenian rhetoric or Armenophobia in Azerbaijan.

The Baroness also presented the current situation resulting from the incursion of the Azerbaijani armed units to the sovereign territory of the Republic of Armenia.

“I visited Karabakh during that war and witnessed the perpetration of war crimes by Azerbaijan, including the deliberate bombing of civilian targets such as the maternity hospital in Stepanakert. However, despite a ceasefire in November, there are at least four urgent concerns, which Her Majesty’s Government, unlike the Governments of France, the United States and Canada, have failed adequately to address,” Baroness Cox said.

The first, she said, is the refusal by Azerbaijan to release Armenian prisoners of war and civilian detainees who are subject to killings—including beheadings—torture and indefinite imprisonment.

Secondly, the Baroness added, there are serious concerns over the fate of hundreds of Armenian Christian monuments and cultural heritage sites, now under Azerbaijan’s

control.

“There has already been footage of the jubilant destruction of a church by Azeri soldiers. Between 1997 and 2006, an estimated 28,000 Christian monuments were destroyed by Azerbaijan in the previously Armenian land of Nakhchivan,” she noted.

“Thirdly, anti-Armenian rhetoric, or Armenophobia, by the Azeri president, other officials, and across social media, has escalated, naming Armenians as pigs, dogs and brainless. This hatred has generated the creation of the Spoils of War Park in Baku; it displays mocking, humiliating mannequins of Armenian soldiers, which children are encouraged to hit, and a corridor lined with the helmets of dead Armenian soldiers,” Baroness Cox stated.

Fourthly, she added, recently and very disturbingly, Azerbaijani forces have advanced into new positions along the Armenia–Azerbaijan border, away from the conflict zone, and occupied the sovereign territory of Armenia itself. This included, on 12 May, armed units advancing three to four kilometers into the Armenian province of Syunik.

“The atrocities perpetrated by Azerbaijan in Nagorno-Karabakh during the recent war have been so serious that Genocide Watch has defined them as genocide. They have largely been unrecognized by the UK, with no appropriate response. That is very dangerous because, as has been well said, every genocide which is not condemned is an encouragement to the perpetrator to continue genocidal policies with impunity,” Baroness Cox said.

She reminded that the International Association of Genocide Scholars raised similar urgent concerns in October, warning that “genocide of the Armenians in Nagorno-Karabakh, and perhaps even Armenia, is a very real possibility.”

“Yet despite these warnings Her Majesty’s Government have chosen not to intervene to protect civilians. They continue to refuse to hold Turkey and Azerbaijan to account for their actions, despite clear evidence of past, recent and ongoing atrocities, choosing instead to define the crisis as a “problem on both sides”, in which Armenia is portrayed as equally guilty as Azerbaijan and Turkey. While war often involves crimes against humanity, and Armenia may have some culpability, there is absolutely no equivalence with the atrocities and war crimes perpetrated by Azerbaijan,” she stated.

“As the Armenian Foreign Minister said to us on a recent visit to Armenia: “Autocratic states have assessed how far they can get away with things. They have concluded that the ‘democratic world’ is somewhere else. They have assessed the democratic world and they will therefore continue this policy, as they have learnt from this.” There is therefore an urgent need to fulfil the commitment in Her Majesty’s gracious Speech to uphold human rights and to alleviate human suffering for the Armenians in Nagorno-Karabakh and Armenia,” Caroline Cox said.

Lord Ahmad of Wimbledon, the Minister of State, Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office, said in response: “On the current situation between Azerbaijan and Armenia, raised by the noble Baroness, Lady Cox, we are well aware of the allegations from both sides that war crimes have been committed. We have urged relevant authorities to investigate and understand the situation on the ground. I know my colleague, Minister Morton, is working very hard in this respect and has visited the area directly and had discussions with all sides.”

European Parliament again slams Turkey's role in Karabakh war

The European Parliament has again condemned Turkey for supporting Azerbaijan during last year's war in Nagorno-Karabakh with "provocative rhetoric" and jihadist fighters recruited in Syria.

In a resolution adopted on Wednesday, the European Union's legislative body also renewed its calls for Turkey to recognize the 1915 Armenian genocide in the Ottoman Empire. It said Ankara must also end "anti-Armenian propaganda and hate speech" and protect Turkey's Armenian cultural heritage.

The extensive resolution is highly critical of the Turkish government's human rights record and foreign policy, saying that they have brought the EU's relations with Turkey to a "historical low point." It says that the EU should formally suspend



accession talks with Ankara unless the latter reverses a "continuous and growing distancing from EU values and standards."

The European Parliament said that instead of backing international peace efforts President Recep Tayyip Erdogan's administration chose to "unconditionally sustain and support the military actions of Azerbaijan in the recent conflict in Nagorno-Karabakh by resorting to provocative rhetoric."

It condemned the "transfer of foreign fighters from Syria and elsewhere to Nagorno-Karabakh, as confirmed by the OSCE Minsk Group Co-Chair countries." Ankara should avoid actions and statements that could "further exacerbate tensions in the south Caucasus region," it said.

EU lawmakers already deplored Turkey's "destabilizing role" in the Karabakh conflict and called for an end to Turkish military aid to Azerbaijan in two other resolutions passed in January.

The Turkish Foreign Ministry denounced the latest resolution as "biased" later on Wednesday. In particular, it criticized the European Parliament for supporting "the one-sided and inconsistent Armenian narratives regarding the 1915 events."

Ecumenical Council of 16 Australian churches calls on UNESCO to act against Azerbaijani desecration of Armenian churches in Artsakh

The New South Wales Ecumenical Council has joined in growing calls on the international community to condemn the systematic desecration of ancient religious and cultural sites in the Republic of Artsakh (Nagorno Karabakh) by occupying Azerbaijan, reported the Armenian National Committee of Australia (ANC-AU).

The NSW Ecumenical Council expresses the views of 16 highly influential churches in New South Wales and the Australian Capital Territory, including the Anglican Church, Antiochian Orthodox Church, Armenian Apostolic Church, Assyrian Church of the East, The Bruderhof, Congregational Federation of NSW, Coptic Orthodox Church, Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahdo Church, Greek Orthodox Church, Indian Orthodox Church, Lutheran Church of NSW, Mar Thoma Church, Religious Society of Friends, Syrian Orthodox Church, The Salvation Army and Uniting Church Synod of NSW and ACT.

President of the NSW Ecumenical Council, Dr. Ray Williamson was asked by the ANC-AU to respond to the appropriation of the Ghazanchetsots Cathedral

of Holy Saviour as images emerged of the sacred site being removed of its domes, angels and Armenian inscriptions under the cover of "restorations" by Baku.

In his correspondence to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), President of the NSW Ecumenical Council Dr. Ray Williamson strongly urged the organisation to speak out and condemn Azerbaijan's systematic desecration of ancient Armenian cultural and religious sites.

"The NSW Ecumenical Council unequivocally condemns the disturbing images that have been circulated online, which indicates that the Azerbaijani Government has begun dismantling Armenian Christian features of the sacred Ghazanchetsots Cathedral of the Holy Saviour, located in the region of Shushi," Dr. Williamson wrote.

ANC-AU Executive Director, Haig Kayserian welcomed the statement from one of the largest and most influential Christian bodies in the country.

"We thank the New South Wales Ecumenical council for standing with the in-



digenous Armenian population of Artsakh and against Azerbaijan's systematic desecration of ancient Armenian cultural and religious sites," said Kayserian.

The NSW Ecumenical Council joins several Christian organisations in Australia in condemning the actions of the Azerbaijani army by calling for an immediate end to the destruction of the religious heritage in the Armenian territories they are illegally occupying. These organisations include the Uniting Church in Australia and the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference.

In May 2021, the Armenian National Committee of Australia wrote to prominent religious bodies throughout Australia, requesting their support in response to the destruction of Armenian churches.

Virtual show to spotlight Armenian monastic ensembles of Iran



The Iranian National Commission for UNESCO will be hosting a virtual photo exhibit of the three photogenic ancient churches that constitute the Armenian Monastic Ensembles of Iran, *Tehran Times* reports.

A selection of 70 pictures captured by Iranian photographer Ebrahim Khadem-bayat will go on show during the exhibit, which officially opens on May 25, according to organizers.

To the untrained eye, Iran's earliest churches may seem modest structures to some but they bear testimony to a vast panorama of architectural and decorative scenes associated with Armenian culture blended with other regional cultures: Byzantine, Orthodox, Assyrian, Persian, and Muslim.

St. Thaddeus, St. Stepanos, and the Chapel of Dzordzor are three photogenic ancient churches that

constitute the Armenian Monastic Ensembles of Iran, which were collectively inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage in 2008. They are dotted in fresh and green lands of northwest Iran and are important pilgrimage sites for Armenian-Iranians and others from across the globe.

Also known as the Qareh Klise ("the Black Church"), St. Thaddeus, as one of the oldest surviving Christian monuments in the country, is situated in Chaldoran

county some 20 kilometers from Maku, adjacent to the borders of Armenia, Azerbaijan, and Turkey. The ancient Church shows off elaborate bas-reliefs of flowers, animals, and human figures on its façade and exterior walls. It bears verses of Old and New Testament in Armenian calligraphy as well.

The Chapel of Dzordzor stands tall on the outskirts of Maku. The name narratively originates from a famous painter Hovans Yerz, known as Dzordzortzi, who supervised the chapel's restoration for a while. What is present now is a remnant of the large monastery that once existed there, as the entire chapel has been shifted to a new location 600 meters away due to submergence resulting from a dam that was built on the river.

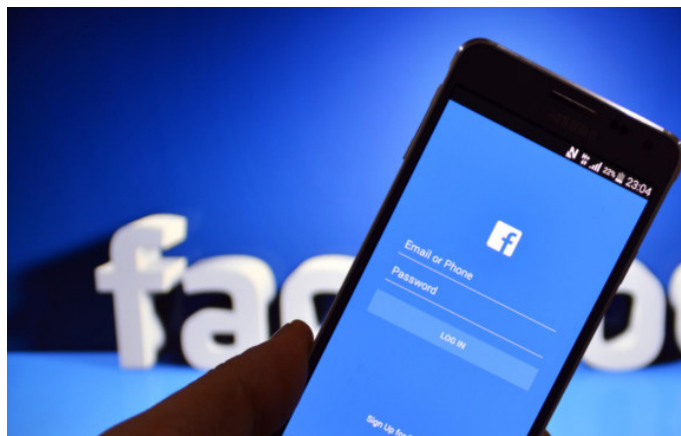
St. Thaddeus Monastery plays hosts an annual religious ritual every summer. Last July, it hosted over 3,000 Christian worshippers coming together from Iran, Armenia, Syria, Lebanon, the Netherlands, France, Austria, Germany, Canada, and some other countries.

Oversight Board rules against Facebook in Armenian genocide case

An independent group of experts on Thursday ordered Facebook to reinstate an online post that criticized Turkey's portrayal of the Armenian genocide, the latest in a growing number of content cases that have gone against the social networking giant, POLITOCO reports.

In its decision, the so-called Oversight Board — a group of legal experts, human rights campaigners and former politicians put together by Facebook to review the company's content decisions — decided the tech company was wrong to remove a post from a user in the United States, which included a meme with language associated with the Armenian Genocide in the Ottoman Empire more than a century ago. Turkey has long maintained that a genocide did not take place.

Facebook had initially removed the post — which included the sentences "The Armenian Genocide is a lie" and "The Armenians were terrorists that deserved it" —



because its content moderators believed the language fell afoul of the company's hate speech rules, as well as its cruel and insensitive community standards.

The Oversight Board disagreed.

In its decision, which is binding on Facebook, the group said that the post should be allowed to remain because of people's legitimate right to share hateful content if it is done to raise public aware-

ness, which the board understood to be the post's intent. The board also said the post should have been left up because it fell under Facebook's satire exception for potentially harmful content.

The majority of the group "found that the user shared the meme to raise awareness of and condemn the Turkish government's

efforts to deny the Armenian genocide while, at the same time, justifying these same historic atrocities," the Oversight Board said in a statement.

Still, a minority of the experts said it was not clear if the post was aimed at criticizing the Turkish government's portrayal of the Armenian genocide, and that the content most likely broke Facebook's community standards.

Charles Aznavour bust unveiled in Paris



Charles Aznavour's bust was unveiled in Paris on May 22 on the 97th birth anniversary of the legendary French-Armenian singer and composer.

Mayor of Paris Anne Hidalgo inaugurated the bust in the presence of members of Aznavour family, Armenia's Ambassador to France Hasmik Tolmadjian, elected official and local Armenians.

It was installed at the Odeon crossroads, in the district of Saint-Germain-



des-Prés where the author of "La Bohème" spent his childhood.

Anne Hidalgo praised the singer's "exceptional career longevity", his "love of the French capital" but also reaffirmed her support for the Armenian people in the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict with Azerbaijan.

The bronze sculpture, made in 1964, is the work of artist Alice Mélikian. It was

given to Charles on his first trip to Armenia in the same year, The Aznavour Foundation offered it to the City of Paris in October 2019, a year after the singer's death.

Another bust of Charles Aznavour was unveiled at the same time in Stepanakert, capital of Nagorno-Karabakh, said Nicolas Aznavour, son of the singer and co-founder of the Aznavour Foundation.



COVID-19 vaccines create 9 new billionaires: Modern'a Afeyan among them



At least 9 people have become new billionaires since the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic thanks to the exces-

sive profits made by pharmaceutical companies producing its vaccines, The People's Vaccine Alliance said.

The 9 new vaccine billionaires are:

1. Noubar Afeyan, Moderna's Chairman
2. Stéphane Bancel, Moderna's CEO
3. Timothy Springer, an immunologist and founding investor of Moderna
4. Robert Langer, a scientist and founding investor in Moderna
5. Ugur Sahin, CEO and co-founder of BioNTech
6. Juan Lopez-Belmonte, Chairman of

ROVI, a company with a deal to manufacture and package the Moderna vaccine

7. Zhu Tao, co-founder and chief scientific officer at CanSino Biologics
8. Qiu Dongxu, co-founder and senior vice president at CanSino Biologics
9. Mao Huihua, also co-founder and senior vice president at CanSino Biologics

It is reported that the nine new billionaires have a combined net wealth of \$19.3 billion.

Blogger Lapshin opens account in Armenian bank to get EUR 30,000 compensation from Azerbaijan

Blogger Alexander Lapshin has opened an account at the Armenian Artsakhbank to get the EUR 30,000 compensation from Azerbaijan.

The European Court of Human Rights on May 20 ruled that Lapshin's right to life had been violated during his detention in Baku and obliged Azerbaijan to pay 30,000 euros in compensation.

The case concerned an incident during the applicant's imprisonment in Azerbaijan in 2017 for "having crossed the State border outside the checkpoints" during journeys to Nagorno-Karabakh, and the ensuing inquiry by the prosecutor's office into the incident. The authorities asserted that the incident had been a suicide



attempt, while the applicant alleged it had been attempted murder.

The applicant was resuscitated and hospitalized in an intensive-care unit. The following day the applicant was pardoned by the President of Azerbaijan and, upon his discharge from hospital three days later,

was expelled to Israel.

The Court found that the inquiry into the prison incident had been ineffective and in breach of the respondent State's procedural obligations under Article 2 of the Convention. It found that the respondent State had failed to satisfy the burden of proof resting on it to provide a satisfactory and convincing explanation as regards the incident which had put the applicant's life in danger. There had therefore been a violation of Article 2 under its substantive limb.

The Court held that Azerbaijan was to pay the applicant 30,000 euros (EUR) in respect of nonpecuniary damage.

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